## Changing font sizes in equations

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Probably a rare event, but there may be a time when you would prefer to have some control of the size. For example, using text-mode maths, by default a simple fraction will look like this:  $\frac{1}{2}$  where as you may prefer to have it displayed larger, like when in display mode, but still keeping it inline, like this:  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

A simple approach is to utilise the predefined sizes for maths elements:

\displaystyle	Size for equations in display mode
\textstyle	Size for equations in text mode
\scriptstyle	Size for first sub/superscripts
\scriptscriptstyle	Size for subsequent sub/superscripts

A classic example to see this in use is typesetting continued fractions. The following code provides an example.

$$x = a_0 + \frac{1}{a_1 + \frac{1}{a_2 + \frac{1}{a_3 + a_4}}} \tag{1}$$

As you can see, as the fractions continue, they get smaller (although they will not get any smaller as in this example, they have reached the \srciptscriptstyle limit. If you wanted to keep the size consistant, you could declare each fraction to use the display style instead, e.g.,

$$x = a_0 + \frac{1}{a_1 + \frac{1}{a_2 + \frac{1}{a_3 + a_4}}}$$
 (2)